Final Exam
Mathematics 176
Section 3491 - Fall 2013
Professor Tim Busken
Name:
Show all your work. Answers without the proper explanation will receive no credit. Place your answers in the space provided. Calculators not allowed!

1. (5 points) Find all solutions of $\tan (\theta)=-\sqrt{3}$
2. $\qquad$
3. (5 points) Find all solutions of $2 \cos ^{2}(\theta)+3 \cos (\theta)=-1$
4. 
5. (5 points) Find all solutions of $\log (x)+\log (x-9)=1$
6. 
7. (5 points) Find all solutions of $\ln (x)-\ln (x-4)=\ln (3)$
8. 
9. (5 points) Find all solutions of $5^{4 x-7}=125$
10. 
11. (5 points) Use DeMoivre's Theorem to find $(1-\sqrt{3} i)^{3}$
12. 
13. (5 points) Find all solutions of $x^{3}+5 x^{2}-2 x-10=0$
14. 
15. (5 points) Find the quotient and remainder of $\frac{x^{4}+x^{2}-10 x+8}{x^{2}-3}$ using long division.
16. 

Find the center, foci, and vertices of the ellipse then sketch the ellipse.
9. (5 points) $16 x^{2}+25 y^{2}-32 x+50 y+16=0$
9. $\qquad$

Find the standard form of the equation of the parabola with the given characteristic(s).
10. (4 points) Vertex: $(x, y)=(-3,4)$; Focus: $(x, y)=(-3,2)$
10. $\qquad$
11. (1 point) What equation represents the directrix of the parabola given in the previous question?
11.

Find the standard form of the equation of the hyperbola with the given characteristic(s).
12. (5 points) Vertices: $(1,2),(5,2)$; Foci: $(0,2),(6,2)$
12.
13. (5 points) Find the domain of $f(x)=\sqrt{3 x-5}$
13.
14. (5 points) Find the domain of $f(x)=\frac{2 x}{3 x-5}$
14. $\qquad$
15. (5 points) Find the domain of $f(x)=\ln (2 x-1)$
15.
16. (5 points) Graph $f(x)=1-2|x+3|$. Label the important features.
17. (5 points) Graph $f(x)=\log (x+3)$. Label the important features.
18. (5 points) Graph $r=2 \sin (3 \theta)$. Label the important features.
19. (5 points) Graph $f(x)=2 \sin \left(x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$. Label the important features.
20. (5 points) Find the length and direction of the vector $\vec{u}=\langle-5,5\rangle$
20.
21. (5 points) Simplify $\csc \left(\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)$
21.
22. (5 points) Write the first three terms of the sequence $a_{n}=\frac{1}{5 n-2}$
23. (5 points) Write an expression for the apparent $n^{\text {th }}$ term $\left(a_{n}\right)$ of the sequence. (Assume that $n$ begins with 1.)

$$
\frac{2}{1}, \frac{-3}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{-5}{7}, \frac{6}{9}, \ldots
$$

23. 
24. (5 points) Find the sum $\sum_{k=3}^{5}(k+1)^{2}$
25. 
26. (5 points) Write the first four terms of the sequence defined recursively.

$$
a_{1}=2, \quad a_{k+1}=3 a_{k}+2
$$

25. $\qquad$
26. (5 points) Write an expression for the $n^{\text {th }}$ term $\left(a_{n}\right)$ of the arithmetic sequence $7,13,19,25,31, \ldots$
27. 
28. (5 points) Find the matrix product, $A \cdot B$, assuming

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
2 & -5 \\
-6 & 2
\end{array}\right], \quad B=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
-1 & 3 \\
3 & -4
\end{array}\right]
$$

28. (4 points) Find the determinant of $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & -2 & -4 \\ -3 & -3 & -6 \\ -3 & 15\end{array}\right]$ if it exists.
29. 
30. (1 point) Does the matrix $A$ defined in the previous question have an inverse? Explain why or why not for full credit.
31. $\qquad$
